

Refining Your Road Map: Creating a Logic Model for Program Planning and Improvement

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ACT for Youth

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Today:

- Logic model overview
- Developing a logic model
- Example inputs to outcomes

Next:

- Developing your SRAE logic model



What is a logic model?

How is a logic model used?



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“...a graphic representation of the program elements (inputs) and their relationships that indicates how they will function to produce program proximal (short-term) and distal (long-term) outcomes. Logic models serve as frameworks for evaluation researchers as well as plans for program managers. Also known as ‘program theory.’”

Dictionary of Statistics and Methodology, 2011



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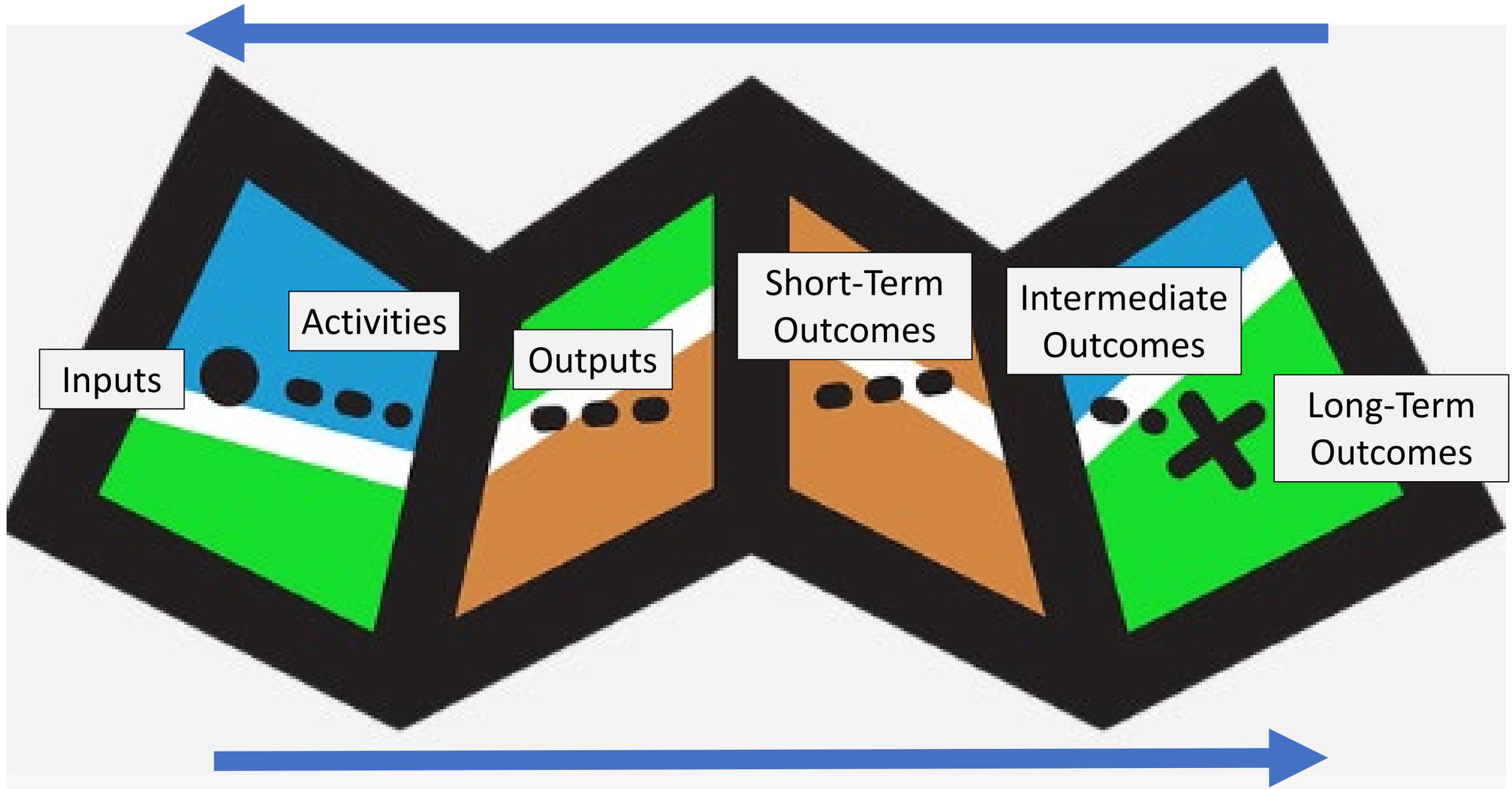
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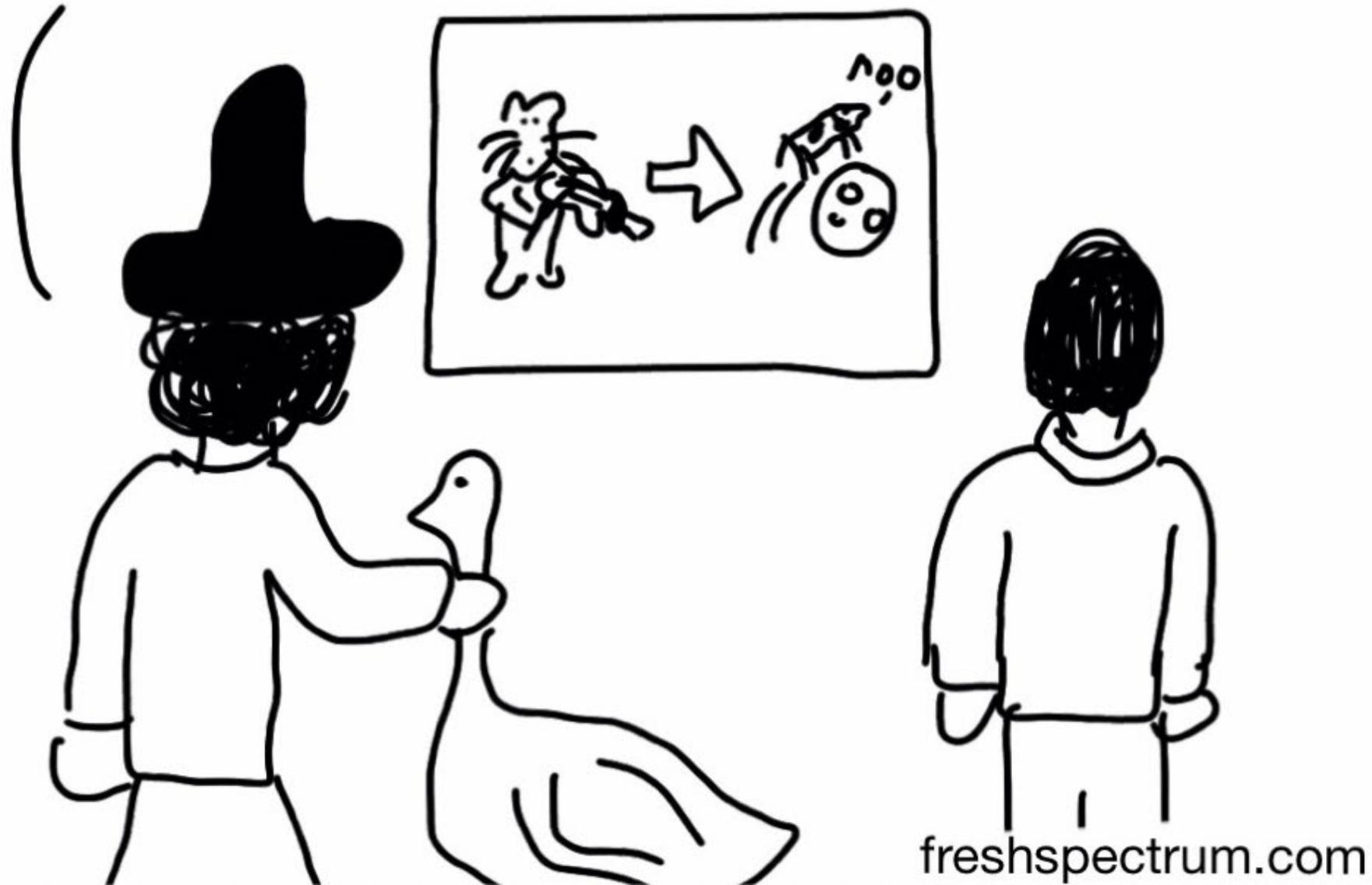
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You're right, after thinking it through,
I'm not sure how the one leads to the other





Developing a Logic Model

1. Find the logic in existing materials

SRAE RFA

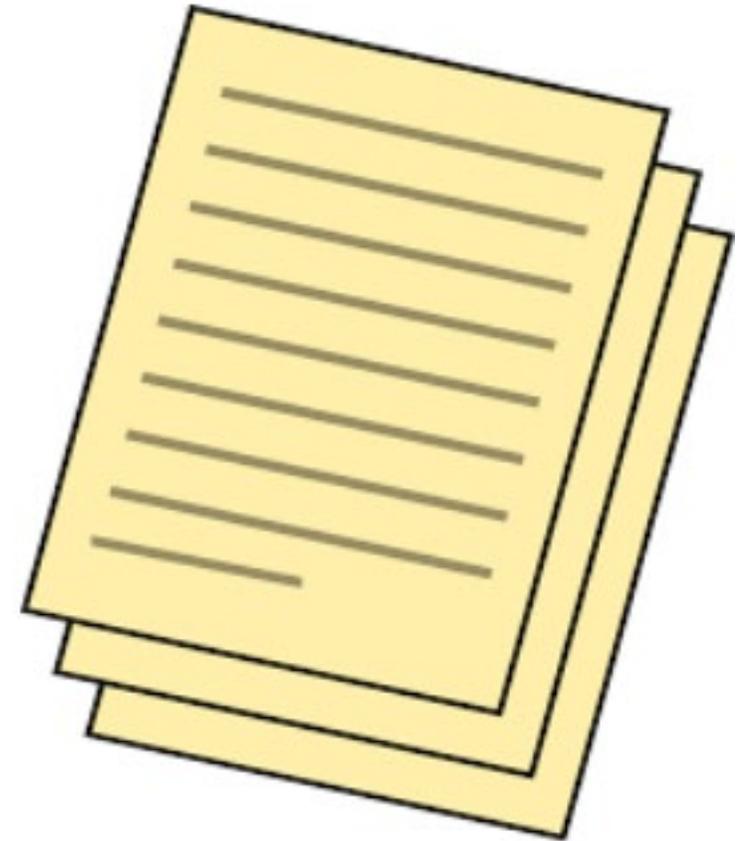
Your grant application

Narrative descriptions

Project descriptions

Existing research:

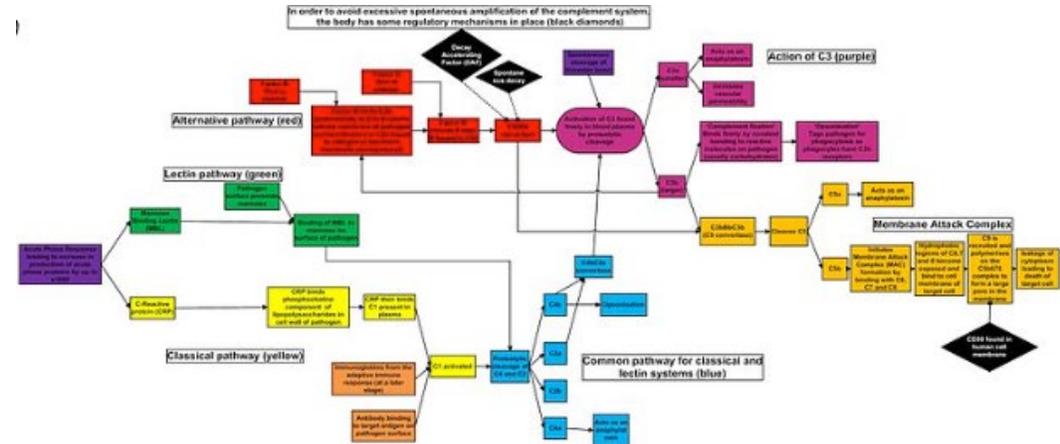
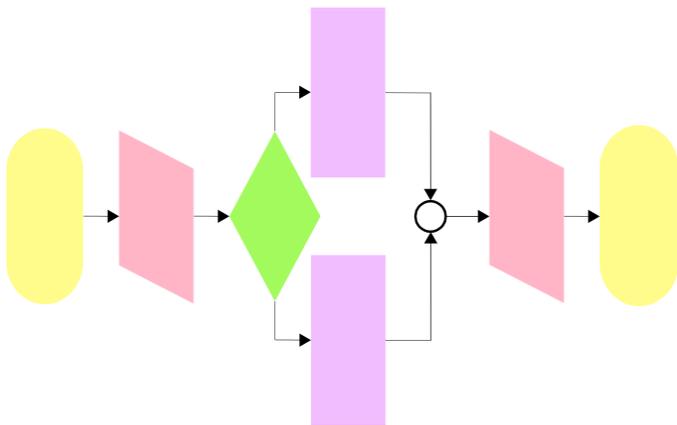
Positive youth development, Social emotional learning



Developing a Logic Model

2. Determine scope of model

Consider: Audience, potential uses & level of detail needed





Developing a Logic Model

3. Check the logic!

Does the model make sense?

Is the model complete?

Try it out!

Revisit and Revise as needed





Benefits of a Logic Model

- Incorporates planning, implementation & evaluation
- Prevents misalignment between activities & outcomes
- Keeps focus on outcomes

Adapted from *The Community Toolbox*

<http://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/overview/models-for-community-health-and-development/logic-model-development/main>

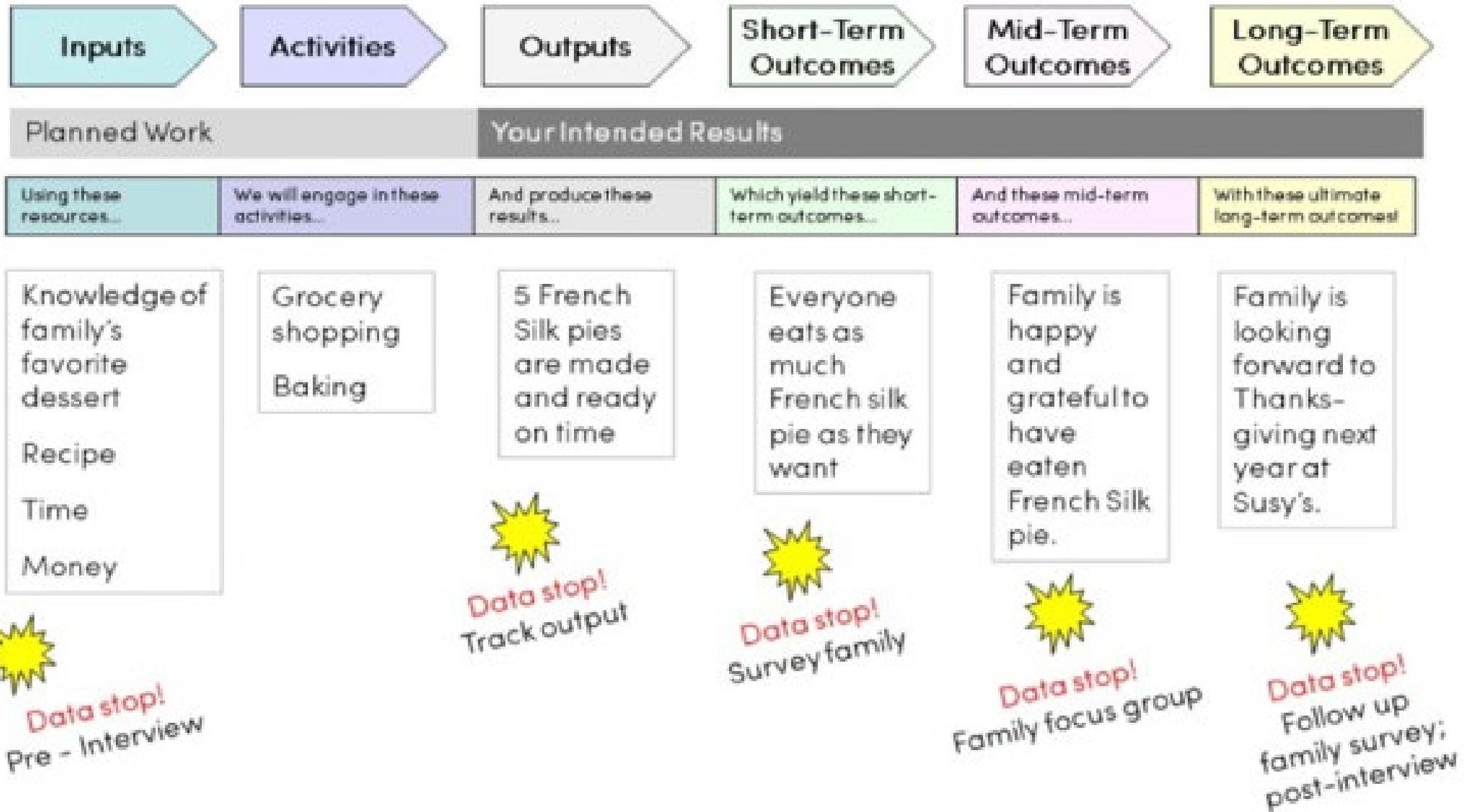


Logic Model: An Example



Problem statement: Susy's family loves dessert. No one is bringing dessert to Susy's Thanksgiving dinner.

Goal: Family has fun and is looking forward to Thanksgiving next year at Susy's house.



SRAE Goals

Delay initiation of sexual activity for pre-teen youth priority populations

Ensure the provision of messages to youth that normalize the optimal health behavior of avoiding non-marital sexual activity

NYS SRAE Long Term Outcomes

Increased healthy transitions to adulthood

Increased adolescent health & wellbeing

Increased positive, long-term relationships
between adults & youth

Increased parenting skills of
parents/guardians/caregivers of preteen youth

NYS SRAE Activities

- Deliver **evidence-based sexual risk avoidance education** to early adolescents, ages 10-13, residing in priority communities in NYS.
- Provide or expand **adult-supervised activities** that create educational, social and emotional learning or vocational opportunities for youth, aged 10-13.
- Provide **parenting education** to parents, guardians, and other adult caregivers of early adolescents (ages 10-13).
- Provide **referrals** for substance abuse, mental health issues, and intimate partner violence, among other services.

SRAE Objective 1

- **Deliver evidence-based sexual risk avoidance education to early adolescents, ages 10-13, residing in priority communities in NYS.**
 - Sub-awardees health educators will be trained on SRAE interventions
 - Sub-awardees will identify priority populations to which EBPs will be delivered
 - Sub-awardee health educators will implement evidence-based programs (EBPs) with fidelity

SRAE Objective 2

- **Provide or expand adult-supervised activities that create educational, social and emotional learning or vocational opportunities for youth, aged 10-13.**
 - Activities will include: workplace visits, cultural events, sports and other physical activities, performing arts, visual arts, scientific exploration, mentally stimulating games, nature-focused outdoor activities, or life skills activities

SRAE Objective 3

- **Provide parenting education to parents, guardians, and other adult caregivers of early adolescents (ages 10-13).**
 - Topics will include: adolescent development, effective communication, understanding importance of caring adults for adolescents, raising adolescents in diverse cultures, healthy relationships, educational & career goals supporting school achievement, & nurturing healthy life skills

SRAE Objective

- **Provide referrals for substance abuse, mental health issues, & intimate partner violence, among other services.**



SRAE Logic Model

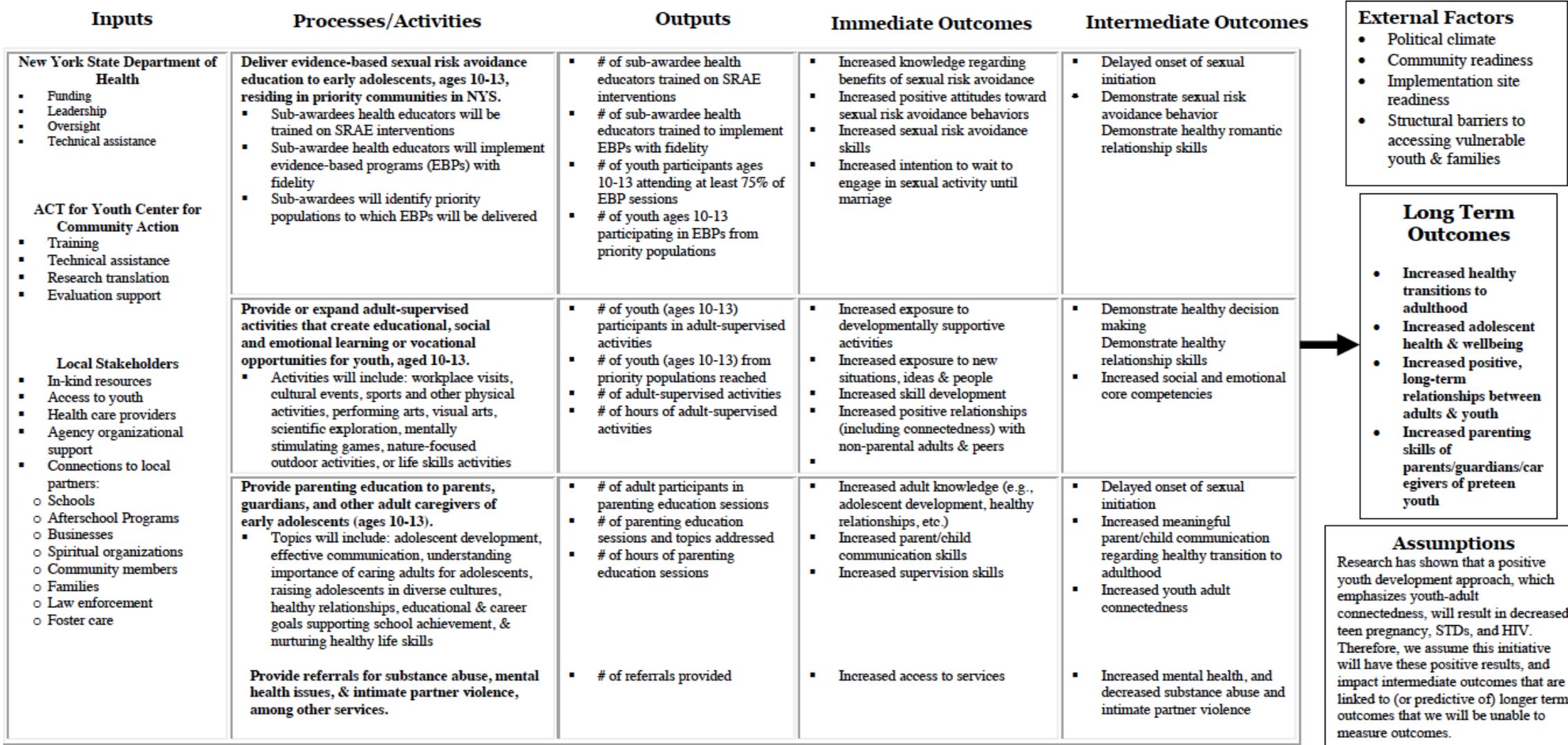
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (SRAE) Logic Model: New York State

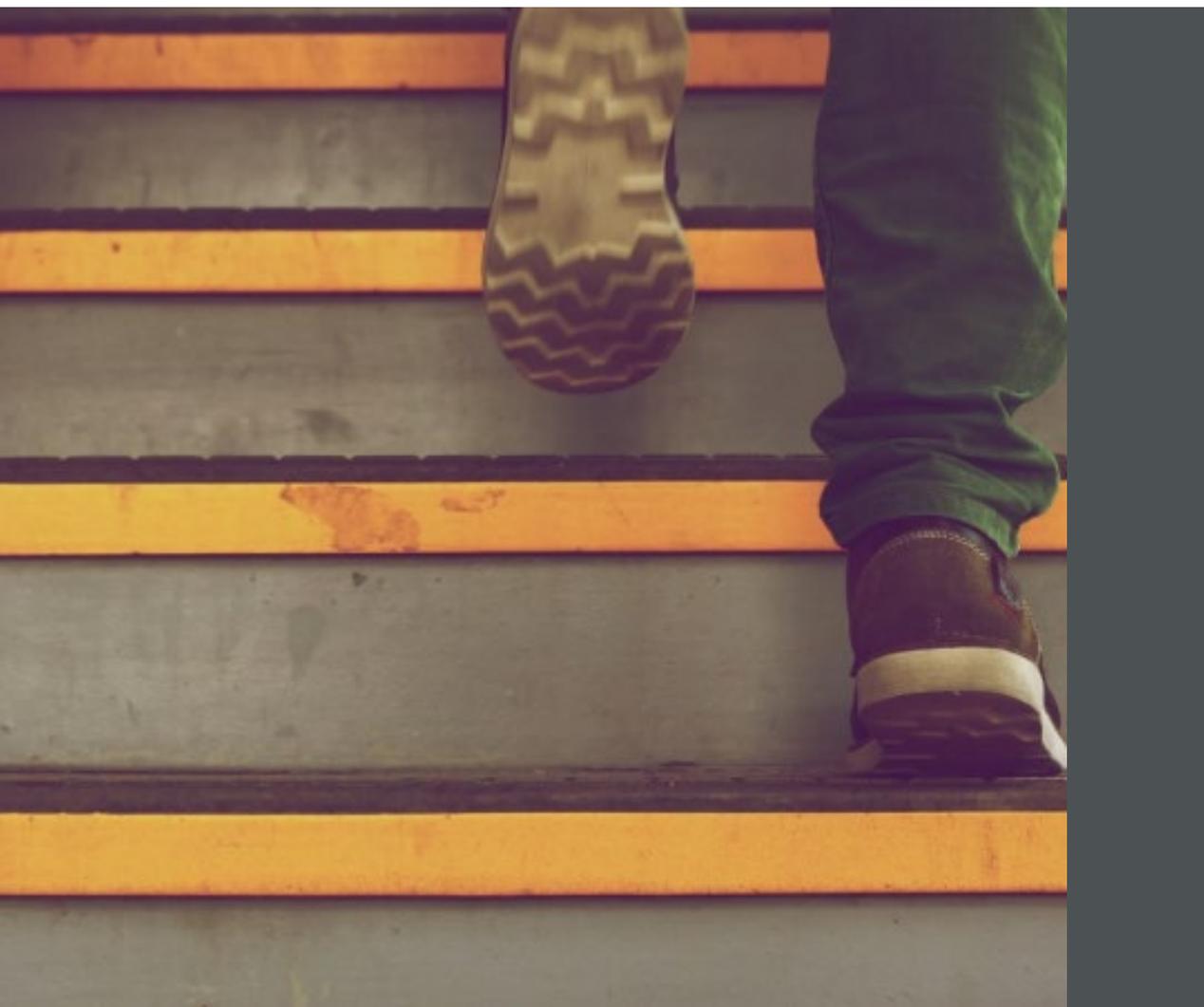
Challenges: Dramatic increases in sexual activity and negative outcomes for NYS teens starting at age 15 illuminate the critical need to delay initiation of sexual activity.

GOALS

Delay initiation of sexual activity for pre-teen youth priority populations: youth between the ages of 10-13 who are Latina/o, African American, Native American, in foster care, in the juvenile justice system, living with disabilities, living with mental health issues, homeless or disconnected youth, recently immigrated youth and other youth who have an increased likelihood of being impacted by health inequities.

Ensure the provision of messages to youth that normalize the optimal health behavior of avoiding non-marital sexual activity through the implementation of sexual risk avoidance education and strategies with an evidence-based approach based on adolescent learning and developmental theories for the age group receiving the education as well as the promotion of positive behavior change through a positive youth focus.





Next steps:
Developing
your logic
model!



Resources

The Community Toolbox

<http://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/overview/models-for-community-health-and-development/logic-model-development/main>

Your evaluation support team member!

www.actforyouth.net